



2020 Boys Lacrosse Exam

1. A game will not be continued under which of the following conditions?
 - A. A team has fewer than 9 on-field players due to injuries, players out on ejection fouls, penalties or other reasons.
 - B. A team has fewer than 8 on-field players due to injuries, players out on ejection fouls, penalties or other reasons.
 - C. A team has fewer than 7 on-field players due to injuries, players out on ejection fouls, penalties or other reasons.
 - D. A team has fewer than 6 on-field players due to injuries, players out on ejection fouls, penalties or other reasons.

2. In the second half, Team A is leading by 11 goals. Team A scores a goal creating a 12 goal-differential situation. What should occur?
 - A. The clock stops when the goal is scored. Running time begins at the following faceoff.
 - B. The clock does not stop when the goal is scored. Running time begins immediately.
 - C. The clock stops when the goal is scored. Running time begins as soon as the goal is recorded.
 - D. The clock stops when the goal is scored. Running time begins when the officials signal the field ready for play.

3. A team is considered to be offside when it has:
 - A. More than six players on the offensive end of the field between the center line and end line including players serving penalties.
 - B. More than seven players on defense between the center line and end line including players serving penalties.
 - C. Fewer than three players on offense or four on defense unless the team is substituting.
 - D. The team is offside in both (a) and (b).

4. If, at the start of a game, the home team's field is without a clearly marked center line and there are no additional pre-game penalties, how should the game start?
 - A. With possession of the ball to the visiting team.
 - B. With Home Team's In Home serving 30 seconds and possession of the ball to the visiting team.
 - C. With Home Team's In Home serving 30 seconds and man-down faceoff.
 - D. With a faceoff as normal if the field is artificial turf or has a logo in center.

5. Unless both coaches agree, game balls shall be:
 - A. White
 - B. Yellow
 - C. Orange
 - D. Lime green

6. The head coach may use a radio to talk to the goalie during the game.
 - A. True
 - B. False

7. It is legal for a coach on the sideline to use a headset to communicate with a coach in the press box during the game.
- A. True
 - B. False
8. Coaches shall control the actions of the spectators when requested by an official.
- A. True
 - B. False
9. In addition to other requirements, a legal faceoff position requires crosses evenly matched 'tops-to-stops' and perpendicular to the ground with both hands gloved and wrapped around the handle of the crosse.
- A. True
 - B. False
10. On a restart, the defender is within 5 yards of the player who has been awarded possession of the ball. Which of the following is not a violation?
- A. The player in possession of the ball goes out of his way and runs toward the defensive player.
 - B. The defensive player steps directly into the path of the player in possession of the ball, forcing the offensive player to deviate from his path.
 - C. The defensive player immediately checks the player in possession of the ball.
 - D. The defensive player deflects the pass from the player in possession of the ball.
11. Team A has a player serving a penalty and a faceoff is pending. Team A may bring a player from its offensive or defensive end of the field to fill the wing area for the faceoff.
- A. True
 - B. False
12. If the ball becomes stuck in a field player's crosse, the ball must be awarded to the opposing team.
- A. True
 - B. False
13. A goal shall be disallowed if a player from the attacking team has released early from the penalty area and the officials are notified of the error prior to the next faceoff.
- A. True
 - B. False
14. Team A has advanced the ball into the goal area and A1 turns and passes the ball to A2 who is on the defensive half of the field. What is the correct ruling?
- A. Legal play.
 - B. Violation, immediate turnover of ball to Team B.
 - C. Team B should restart the ball at the center.
 - D. Team B should restart the ball laterally outside the goal area.

15. Team A advances the ball over the midline and is under a 10-second count. Player A1 causes the ball to return to the defensive half of the field with Team A maintaining possession. What is the correct ruling?

- A. Play-on violation on Team A.
- B. Immediate whistle.
- C. The 10-second count continues.
- D. A new 20-second clearing count starts.

16. The goalie places his stick over a ball which is on the ground outside of the crease. An attack player may check the goalie's stick outside the crease.

- A. True
- B. False

17. The goalie, while in the crease, deliberately creates a loose-ball situation. The referee should begin a new four-second count.

- A. True
- B. False

18. Which of the following is a technical foul?

- A. Throwing the crosse which stops a shot.
- B. Throwing the crosse at an opposing player/other game personnel.
- C. Throwing a crosse at the ball without making contact with the ball.
- D. Throwing the crosse at the ground in personal frustration.

19. When regulation play ends in a tie:

- A. Captains meet for a coin toss and the winner of the toss chooses goal for first overtime and alternate possession.
- B. Captains meet for a coin toss and the winner chooses which goal to defend for first overtime. Alternate possession stays as it was at the end of regulation play.
- C. Teams switch goals and alternate possession stays as it was at the end of regulation play.
- D. Goals and alternate possession stay as they were at the end of regulation play.

20. Which of the following best describes a body-check of a player in a defenseless position?

- A. A body-check to a player's "blind side."
- B. A body-check to a player whose head is down in an attempt to play a loose ball.
- C. A body-check to a player whose head is turned away to receive a pass.
- D. All of these describe body checks to a defenseless player.

21. Any contact to the head/neck that is deliberate or reckless will draw a minimum of two minutes non-releasable.

- A. True
- B. False

22. The ball is loose. B1 pushes A1 and A1 steps offside. What is the correct ruling?
- A. A1 and B1 both serve 30-second technical fouls.
 - B. B1 only serves 30-second technical foul.
 - C. A1 only serves 30-second technical foul.
 - D. Award the ball to Team A.
23. During a dead ball, a coach may request a time-out/conference with the game officials at the table area if the coach believes an official has misapplied a rule.
- A. True
 - B. False
24. Officials arrive at a game and find that the home team cannot provide balls with the label "Meets NOCSAE Standard." Under which of the following conditions can the game be played:
- A. If balls with the NFHS mark (but without the "Meets NOCSAE Standard" label) are available, the game may be played, but the officials must report this to the sponsoring authority.
 - B. If the visiting team has balls available to be used with the label "Meets NOCSAE Standard," the game may be played. Technical foul; award possession to the visiting team to start the game and report this to the sponsoring authority.
 - C. If both coaches agree, balls without the "Meets NOCSAE Standard" label may be used and the game may be played.
 - D. The game may be played in all of these situations.
25. Players A1 and A2 may wear jerseys with the same number as long as the head coach informs the officials before the game and they are not on the field at the same time.
- A. True
 - B. False
26. There must be one crosse 10 to 12 inches at its widest point, inside measurement, on the field at all times, and the crosse shall be used by the required goalkeeper.
- A. True
 - B. False
27. A player throws the ball from behind Goal Line Extended (GLE). It deflects off another player and enters the goal. What is the correct ruling?
- A. It deflects off the goalkeeper; no goal.
 - B. Good goal.
 - C. This is not a shot; a goal cannot be scored.
 - D. A and C are both correct.
28. Any strings or leathers are limited to a hanging length of 3 inches.
- A. True
 - B. False
29. The tooth and mouth protector must cover the teeth with adequate thickness and shall be of any readily visible color other than white or clear.
- A. True
 - B. False

30. A player may wear both a clear, molded and non-rigid helmet eye shield and tinted eye glasses.
- A. True
 - B. False
31. During the second half, with a twelve-point goal differential situation, a shot is taken and the ball goes out-of-bounds. The timekeeper should not stop the clock, even though there is a player serving a penalty.
- A. True
 - B. False
32. The pregame coin-toss procedure gives the controlling team both control of the first alternate possession and the goal its team will defend first.
- A. True
 - B. False
33. It is illegal to body-check an opponent while he has one knee on the ground.
- A. True
 - B. False
34. An offensive player in possession of the ball cannot use his head to initiate contact with a defensive player.
- A. True
 - B. False
35. On a faceoff, a player's gloves may touch the center line.
- A. True
 - B. False
36. A player who accumulates five minutes of personal foul time will be disqualified.
- A. True
 - B. False
37. On a faceoff, when a player is serving penalty time, the player must wait for possession before entering the field, even when his penalty time has expired.
- A. True
 - B. False
38. Which of the following would be a legal stick length for a field player (not a goalie)?
- A. 40 inches.
 - B. 43 inches.
 - C. 76 inches.
 - D. 39 inches.
39. Goalkeepers must wear chest and throat protectors.
- A. True
 - B. False

40. If a player is wearing a hard cast on his wrist, the cast must be padded to prevent injury.
- A. True
 - B. False
41. It is legal to body-check an opponent if the ball is in flight within 5 yards of that opponent.
- A. True
 - B. False
42. Which of the following is an example of illegal procedure:
- A. Player touches the ball with one foot on the sideline.
 - B. When no player from the team awarded possession picks up the ball and moves into position of the restart within five seconds after the officials are ready to restart play.
 - C. Player takes a dive or feigns a slash to the head or body in order to deceive the officials and draw a penalty.
 - D. All of the above.
43. A referee mistakenly blows his/her whistle. An attack player shoots and scores. The referee must disallow the goal.
- A. True
 - B. False
44. A team must have a legally equipped goalkeeper on the field at all times.
- A. True
 - B. False
45. Teams are allowed two time-outs in each overtime period.
- A. True
 - B. False
46. If the score is tied in the last two minutes, both teams must "keep it in."
- A. True
 - B. False
47. In the event of an inadvertent flag, play shall be suspended at the earliest opportunity that does not interfere with an imminent scoring opportunity. The team with possession when the flag was thrown shall retain possession. If the ball was loose outside the crease, possession shall be awarded by alternate possession.
- A. True
 - B. False
48. Taunting of an opposing player is not permitted after scoring a goal.
- A. True
 - B. False

49. Ball is loose in Team B's defensive goal area and Team B commits a non-time-serving foul. What is the correct ruling?
- A. Team A should restart the ball in the goal area or in the crease.
 - B. Team A should restart the ball laterally outside the goal area.
 - C. Team A should restart the ball by where the ball was last.
 - D. Team A should restart the ball at center.
50. A1 is in the penalty box serving a penalty. Team A has seven players in its defensive half of the field. What is the correct ruling?
- A. Team A is offside.
 - B. Conduct foul on Team A.
 - C. Team A is awarded the ball.
 - D. A goal is awarded to Team B.
51. Team A is in possession. Two or more defenders from Team B are standing in the crease in front of the goal with a clear intention of blocking shots, not defending another player. What is the correct ruling?
- A. Both players serve a 30-second conduct foul.
 - B. Conduct foul on Team B with no time served; award the ball to Team A.
 - C. One of the players is assessed a 30-second conduct foul; the other player is assessed a one-minute releasable personal foul.
 - D. No foul - Play is allowed to continue.
52. A1 drives toward the goal and jumps or dives into the crease. The ball goes into the goal. What is the correct ruling?
- A. Goal is allowed as long as ball enters goal prior to landing in crease.
 - B. Conduct foul on Team A.
 - C. No goal, ball is awarded to Team B.
 - D. Team A is awarded the ball.
53. A1 dives toward the crease and, while in the air, is illegally checked into the crease. The ball goes into the goal. What is the correct ruling?
- A. Team A is offside.
 - B. Conduct foul on Team A.
 - C. Flag-down, goal, assess penalty.
 - D. Flag-down, no goal, assess penalty.
54. A1, with his feet grounded prior to, during and after the shot, shoots and the ball enters the goal. During the play, he is illegally pushed into the crease. What is the correct ruling?
- A. The goal does not count.
 - B. Team A is offside.
 - C. Flag-down, goal counts if ball enters the goal before A1 lands in the crease.
 - D. Conduct foul on Team A.

55. A1 dodges B1 and continues towards the goal crease. He shoots and scores. After the ball enters the goal, A1 runs through the crease area. What is the correct ruling?

- A. Team A is offside.
- B. The goal does not count.
- C. Conduct foul on Team A.
- D. The goal counts.

56. After a faceoff and before possession has been declared or the ball crosses the defensive-area line, B4, who was behind the defensive-area line at the beginning of the faceoff, comes across the defensive-area line to play the loose ball. What is the correct ruling?

- A. Technical foul against B, ball awarded to Team A at the spot where the ball was when play was suspended.
- B. Ball is awarded to Team A in its offensive half of the field.
- C. Team B is offside.
- D. Conduct foul on Team B.

57. If a player or team commits a foul before any faceoff, the ball will be awarded to the offended team in its offensive side of the field at the Center.

- A. True.
- B. False.

58. Failure to wear the required mouthpiece (unless it comes out during play) is which type of foul?

- A. Releasable.
- B. Non-releasable.
- C. Technical.
- D. Personal.

59. If a defensive player, other than a goalkeeper, enters the crease with perceived intent on blocking a shot, the official shall sound his whistle to stop play as soon as it is noticed as long as the shot is not already in flight.

- A. True.
- B. False.

60. When is a coach allowed to enter the lacrosse field?

- A. To attend to an injured player.
- B. To warm up a goalkeeper.
- C. During halftime.
- D. All of the above.

61. According to the NFHS Sports Medicine Advisory Committee, one way to reduce concussions in the sport of lacrosse is to pay more attention to calling fouls for blindside hits.

- A. True.
- B. False.

62. Player A1's stick is checked between quarters. Which of the following would constitute a two-minute non-releasable penalty?

- A. The stick has a deep pocket.
- B. The stick has a shooting string more than 4 inches from the top of the stick.
- C. The stick fails the rollout test.
- D. All of the above.

63. What field is allowed for high school boys lacrosse?

- A. 110-yard boys field.
- B. 120-yard boys and girls unified field.
- C. None of the above.
- D. Both the 110-yard and 120-yard fields.

64. What can be used to identify a contrasting color on the shaft between the head of the crosse and the top glove?

- A. The color of the shaft.
- B. Paint.
- C. One layer of tape.
- D. All of the above.

65. During the final two minutes of regulation play, stalling rules will be in effect. The team that is ahead will be warned to "Get it in/keep it in" in which of the following situations:

- A. The team is ahead by five goals and has possession in its offensive half of the field.
- B. The team is ahead by four goals or less and has possession in its offensive half of the field.
- C. The team is ahead by four goals or less and has possession in its defensive half of the field.
- D. All of the above.

66. A goal will be allowed if the shot is released from above the goal-line extended prior to the end of the period.

- A. True
- B. False

67. A non-goalie defensive player entering his own crease with the perceived intent on blocking a shot receives a conduct foul. A second violation by the team will be enforced as releasable unsportsmanlike conduct, served by:

- A. The "in home player."
- B. The offending player.
- C. The coach.
- D. Any starting defenseman.

68. A1 is in possession in his attack goal area. No stall warning is on. Which of the following would not stop play under a slow whistle situation?

- A. There is a second foul called on the defense.
- B. The ball goes out of bounds.
- C. The ball enters the goal area or is in the goal area at the time the foul occurs and thereafter moves out of the goal area.
- D. A goal is scored by the attacking team.

69. The width of the head of the crosse at its widest point shall be a minimum of:
- A. 3 1/2 inches.
 - B. 4 inches.
 - C. 6 inches.
 - D. 6 1/2 inches.
70. On a restart, the defender is within 5 yards of the player who has been awarded possession of the ball. Which of the following is correct?
- A. Official withholds whistle and verbally warns defender and begins a visual count.
 - B. Official immediately throws a flag and issues a 30-second technical foul to the defending player.
 - C. Official restarts play and the defender allows a 5-yard separation before engaging the player in possession of the ball.
 - D. Official gives immediate whistle and warns defending player to give 5 yards of space on future restarts.
71. The head of a stick (not the goalkeeper's) must be a minimum of 10 inches top to bottom. How is this to be measured?
- A. From the outside edge at the top of the head to the throat of the beginning of the throat of the crosse on the front of the head.
 - B. From the outside edge at the top of the head to the top of the ball stop on the front of the head.
 - C. From the outside edge at the top of the head to the bottom of the head on both the front and back of the head.
 - D. From the inside edge of the plastic at the top of the head to the inside of the plastic at the bottom of the head.
72. Which of the following are requirements for the stringing of the pocket/net on a crosse?
- A. The pocket/net must be completely attached to the head and have no gaps where the ball could pass through.
 - B. The pocket/net must have at least one shooting string.
 - C. The pocket/net must be made of gut, rawhide, linen or a synthetic material that is roughly triangular in shape.
 - D. Both (a) and (c) are required.
73. Which of the following is NOT a shot?
- A. A ball thrown at the goal that is released below the goal line extended (that is between the goal line extended and the end line).
 - B. A ball thrown at the goal by a defensive player from his defensive half of the field.
 - C. A ball kicked by an attacking player at the goal.
 - D. Neither (a) nor (c) are shots.
74. A shot is released prior to the end of a period and enters the goal. Which of the following would disallow the goal?
- A. The shot deflects off an offensive player before the period ends.
 - B. The shot deflects off an offensive player after the period ends.
 - C. The shot deflects off the goalkeeper and then deflects off another defender.
 - D. The goal is disallowed in both (b) and (c).

75. A shot is released before the end of a period and enters the goal after the period ends. In which case is the goal counted? Assume all the events listed occur after the period has ended.

- A. The shot deflects off the goalkeeper and then off another defender before entering the goal.
- B. The shot deflects off a defender and then off the goal post and enters the goal.
- C. The shot deflects off the crossbar and then off the goalkeeper and enters the goal.
- D. The goal counts in both B and C.

76. Team A has possession in its offensive goal area and makes an errant pass that is rolling toward midfield. When should over and back be called?

- A. A4, without going offside, uses his foot to stop the ball before it crosses the center line.
- B. A4, without going offside, uses his crosse to bat or stop the ball before it crosses the center line.
- C. A4, without going offside, catches and drops the ball before it crosses the center line.
- D. There is no over-and-back violation in either B or C.

77. B1 body checks A2 who is defenseless. What is the correct penalty for B1?

- A. A one-minute, two-minute or three-minute releasable penalty.
- B. A two- or three-minute non-releasable penalty.
- C. If the contact is violent, the penalty is three minutes non-releasable.
- D. Both B and C are correct.

78. A loose ball is rolling toward the sideline. The official is backing up toward the sideline and 3 feet from the sideline backs into a coach from Team A who is on the field. What is the correct ruling?

- A. The coach is assessed a one-minute, two-minute or three-minute releasable penalty for unsportsmanlike conduct.
- B. The coach is assessed a loose-ball technical foul and the ball is awarded to Team B.
- C. Play continues with no foul. The official needs to be aware of where the coach is and avoid him.
- D. None of the above is the correct call.

79. The Team A coach received a one-minute unsportsmanlike conduct foul in the second quarter for arguing with an official. In the third quarter, the same coach is assessed a second unsportsmanlike conduct penalty. What is the correct ruling?

- A. The coach is ejected for a second non-releasable unsportsmanlike conduct penalty. Team A's in-home serves a one-minute non-releasable penalty and the coach must leave the playing facility.
- B. The coach is ejected for a second non-releasable unsportsmanlike conduct penalty. Team A's in-home serves a three-minute non-releasable penalty and the coach must leave the playing facility.
- C. Team A's in-home serves a one-minute, two-minute or three-minute non-releasable penalty and must sit on the bench and be quiet until the penalty is released.
- D. The coach is ejected from the game but no penalty time is served.

80. A1 is using the portion of the handle of his crosse between his hands to hold B1. When is this an illegal hold?

- A. A1's hands are more than shoulder-width apart.
- B. A1's handle is making contact with B1's leg or thigh.
- C. A1 is exerting more than equal pressure.
- D. All of the above are illegal.

81. Which of the following is required if defensive player B1 is legally holding a player with the part of the crosse's handle between his hands?

- A. B1 must have his hands no more than shoulder-width apart.
- B. B1 must hold his crosse vertically.
- C. B1 must only make contact to the front of the offensive player.
- D. B1 must only make contact with the arm of the offensive player.

82. Which of the following are illegal during live ball play?

- A. Two players on the field exchange crosses while the ball is in either crosse.
- B. A player on the field exchanges his crosse with a coach in the table area.
- C. A player runs to the bench area to exchange his crosse with a coach.
- D. All of the above are illegal during live ball play.

83. A1 is in possession of the ball and B1 is defending. A1 can be called for warding off if:

- A. A1 uses his free hand to control the direction of B1's crosse.
- B. A1 uses his arm to push B1 out of the way while keeping both hands on his stick.
- C. A1 uses his free arm to protect his stick from B1's stick check.
- D. Both A and B are warding off.

84. A1 has possession and is slashed by B1. The officials throw a flag and withhold the whistle. Which of the following is correct?

- A. A1 drops the ball and the officials blow a whistle to stop play.
- B. B2 goes offsides and the officials throw another flag and continue the slow whistle.
- C. A1 is subsequently fouled again while in the act of shooting and the official blows his whistle stopping play.
- D. None of the above are correct.

85. A1 has possession and is cross-checked by B1. Officials throw a flag and withhold the whistle. A1 passes to A2 who drops the ball. Flag down/slow whistle continues and B2 pushes A2 during the loose ball. Which of the following is correct?

- A. Flag down/slow whistle continues until B1 gains possession. B1 and B2 are assessed time-serving penalties.
- B. Flag down/slow whistle continues until Team A commits a foul. B1 and B2 are assessed time-serving penalties.
- C. The official throws another flag and sounds whistle; B1 and B2 are assessed time-serving penalties.
- D. The official throws another flag and sounds whistle immediately; only B1 is assessed time-serving penalties.

86. Immediately after a goal, the officials notice that the ball being used does not have the NOCSAE® mark. How should the game proceed?

- A. If scored by the home team, the goal is disallowed. If scored by the visiting team, the goal stands. The ball is removed and the game continues with a properly marked ball either by awarding possession to the visiting team or with a faceoff.
- B. The goal is disallowed. The ball is removed and the game continues with a properly marked ball. The ball is awarded to the offensive team outside the goal/attack area.
- C. The goal counts. The ball is removed and the game continues with a properly marked ball. The game resumes with a faceoff.
- D. The goal is disallowed. The home team's In-Home serves a three-minute non-releasable penalty. The illegal ball is removed and the game continues with a properly marked ball. The ball is awarded to the visiting team at Center.

87. Player A1 is apparently injured. The official sounds the whistle to stop play and beckons Coach A and/or medical personnel onto the field. The coach is advised by the official that player A1 shall leave the game until the next opportunity to substitute. What is the correct ruling?
- A. A1 can enter the game at any time as long as determined by the coaching staff.
 - B. Team A can ask for a time-out in an attempt to leave A1 in the game.
 - C. A1 receives a technical foul.
 - D. A1 must wait until the next dead-ball or later to return.
88. Which of the following is the penalty for unnecessary roughness.
- A. Always a releasable penalty but becomes non-releasable if determined to be targeting.
 - B. Always non-releasable penalty.
 - C. A releasable or non-releasable penalty at the discretion of the official.
 - D. A technical foul.
89. B1 slashes A1 and a flag is thrown. During the slow whistle, B2 pushes A2. The proper procedure is:
- A. Immediate whistle for the second time-serving penalty. B1 serves a one-, two- or three-minute penalty. B2 serves a 30-second penalty. Team A awarded the ball in its offensive half of the field.
 - B. Slow whistle continues until a goal is scored, Team A commits a foul or Team A loses possession.
 - C. Immediate whistle. B2 serves one-, two- or three-minute penalty. B2 serves no time. Team A awarded the ball in its offensive half of the field.
 - D. Immediate whistle. B1 and B2 will serve one-, two- or three-minute fouls because all penalty time served is based on the most severe penalty.
90. What is the minimum requirement for a ball to be used in a game?
- A. The ball must have the NFHS Authenticating Mark.
 - B. The ball must meet the NOCSAE® standards for lacrosse balls at time of manufacture.
 - C. The ball must have the NFHS Authenticating Mark and meet the NOCSAE® standards for lacrosse balls at time of manufacture.
 - D. None of the above
91. While participating in a faceoff, a player inadvertently touches the ball with his hand while still on his crosse.
- A. Legal Play.
 - B. Unsportsmanlike conduct. Minimum one-minute non-releasable foul.
 - C. Faceoff violation. Award the ball to the opposing team in its offensive half of the field.
 - D. Faceoff violation. Award the ball to the opposing team and the offending player must leave the field.
92. A1 comes to the center to take a faceoff with tape on the plastic throat of the shaft. What is the correct ruling?
- A. Legal.
 - B. Allow him time to fix the problem.
 - C. Technical foul on Team A for delay of game. Award the ball to Team B. Player A1 must leave the field and remove the tape before returning to the field.
 - D. Technical foul on Team A for delay of game. Award the ball to Team B. A1 does not serve penalty time and is not required to leave the field since his crosse is legal for play other than faceoffs.

93. A1 has four seconds remaining in a penalty. Team A scores a goal. What is the correct faceoff procedure?
- A. Team A is man down when the faceoff begins. A1 remains at the table until the faceoff is over and his penalty time has expired.
 - B. A1 is released. Teams faceoff even strength.
 - C. Team A is man down when the faceoff begins. A1 releases when the four seconds expires.
 - D. None of the above.
94. While inspecting A1's crosse, the official finds that the pocket is too deep. What is the proper penalty?
- A. A1 serves a one-minute non-releasable penalty.
 - B. A1 serves a two-minute non-releasable penalty.
 - C. A1 serves a three-minute non-releasable penalty.
 - D. If Team A was in possession or due possession, award the ball to Team B. Otherwise, A1 serves a 30-second penalty.
95. Which of the following ends a stall warning?
- A. A shot taken from above the goal-line extended hits the goalkeeper, his equipment, the vertical post or crossbar of the goal.
 - B. The defense gains possession.
 - C. 30 seconds of time expires.
 - D. Both A and B.
96. A1 shoots and the ball enters the goal. Under which of the following will the goal be disallowed?
- A. The head comes off of A1's stick while shooting.
 - B. The officials inspect A1's equipment and find he is not wearing a mouthguard.
 - C. The horn sounds after the shot is released.
 - D. All of above.
97. B1 is defending A1. B1's stick is between A1's arm and his body. A1 clamps down on B1's stick. What is the correct call?
- A. Holding by A1. Award the ball to Team B.
 - B. Legal play unless A1 pulls the stick out of B1's hands.
 - C. B1 must drop his stick for holding by A1 to be called.
 - D. Simultaneous technical fouls for holding on both A1 and B1. Each serves a 30-second non-releasable penalty.
98. What is the correct procedure during the last two minutes of a game?
- A. The team that is leading by four or fewer goals must get it in and keep it in.
 - B. No matter what the score, neither team must automatically get it in and keep it in.
 - C. If the score is tied, both teams must keep it in.
 - D. Both A and C.

99. A1 leaves his feet while taking a shot and contacts the goalkeeper in the crease. What is the correct ruling?

- A. No goal. Award the ball to Team B. (Possible personal foul on A1)
- B. If the contact is after the ball enters the goal, the goal is good.
- C. No goal. A1 serves a 30-second penalty for goalkeeper interference. Award the ball to Team B at the center.
- D. No goal. A1 serves a one-minute penalty for unnecessary roughness. Award the ball to Team B at the center.

100. A loose ball bounces in the air in front of A1. With his gloved hand that is firmly wrapped around the handle of his crosse, A1 "punches" the ball toward the goal, and the ball enters the goal. What is the result of the play?

- A. Good goal.
- B. Technical foul against A1. Award the ball to Team B at the spot of the foul.
- C. Technical foul against A1. Award the ball to Team B at midfield.
- D. Personal foul. A1 serves 1 to 3 minutes.